

Public disclosure on liquidity risk of Piramal Capital and Housing Finance Limited (Formerly known as Dewan Housing Finance Corporation Limited) as on December 31, 2022

1. Funding Concentration based on significant counterparty (both deposits and borrowings)

Sr.	Number of Significant	Amount	% of Total deposits	% of Total
No.	Counterparties	(₹ crore)		Liabilities
1	15	27,696	NA	59.32%

- 2. Top 20 large deposits (amount in ₹ crore and % of total deposits) Not Applicable
- 3. Top 10 borrowings (amount in ₹ crore and % of total borrowings)

Amount	% of Total	
(₹ crore)	Borrowings	
24,387	60.48%	

4. Funding Concentration based on significant instrument/product

	Name of the instrument/product		
Sr.		Amount	% of Total
No.		(₹ crore)	Liabilities
1	Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures (secured)	26,654	57.09%
2	Term loan (secured) from banks		22.39%
3	Securitized borrowing	1,169	2.50%
4	Commercial paper (Unsecured)		1.67%
5	Term loan (secured) - FCNR Loans		1.34%
6	Intercorporate deposit from related party (Unsecured)	500	1.07%



5. Stock Ratios:

Sr. No.		Particulars	Dec-22
(a)	(i)	Commercial papers as a % of total public funds	1.9%
	(ii)	Commercial papers as a % of total liabilities	1.7%
	(iii)	Commercial papers as a % of total assets	1.2%
(b)	(i)	Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total public funds	NIL
	(ii)	Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total liabilities	NIL
	(iii)	Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year) as a % of total assets	NIL
(c)	(i)	Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total public funds	20.7%
	(ii)	Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total liabilities	17.9%
	(iii)	Other short-term liabilities, if any as a % of total assets	11.9%

6. Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management

- a. The ALCO is responsible for the management of the companies funding and liquidity requirements, within the board approved framework and extant regulations.
- b. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining an appropriate mix of cash and cash equivalents, unutilised banking facilities, credit lines as necessary. Further, the Company continuously monitors expected and actual cash flows by assessing the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities